

# Phenylalanine-derived $\beta$ -lactam TRPM8 antagonists: revisiting configuration and new benzoyl derivatives

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<https://doi.org/10.37349/eds.2025.100882>

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1. Key intermediates for the preparation of  $\beta$ -lactam derivatives
2.  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra
3. Blockade of TRPM8-mediated responses evoked by menthol

## New synthetic intermediates for the preparation of Phe-derived $\beta$ -lactams

### *N*-[(2*R*-Dibenzylamino-3-phenyl)prop-1-yl]-*N*-Ns-*L*-Phe-*O*'Bu (**6b**)

The title compounds was obtained in 68% yield (From **4** and **5b**) as a syrup. Eluent: 11% of EtOAc in hexane. HPLC:  $t_R = 5.17$  min (gradient from 80% to 95% of A, in 10 min).  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (400 MHz),  $\text{CDCl}_3$ :  $\delta$  7.87 (m, 1H, Ar), 7.67 (m, 1H, Ar), 7.59 (m, 2H, Ar), 7.34 - 7.04 (m, 18H, Ar), 6.76 (m, 2H, Ar), 4.70 (m, 1H,  $\alpha$ -H Phe), 3.94 (m, 1H,  $\text{H}_1$ ), 3.80 (dd,  $J = 15.3, 3.6$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{H}_1$ ), 3.74 (d,  $J = 14.1$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{NCH}_2$ ), 3.65 (d,  $J = 14.0$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{NCH}_2$ ), 3.26 (m, 1H,  $\text{H}_2$ ), 3.05 (dd,  $J = 14.0, 9.5$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{H}_3$ ), 2.92 (dd,  $J = 14.5, 3.7$  Hz, 1H,  $\beta$ -H Phe), 2.87 - 2.73 (m, 2H,  $\beta$ -H Phe,  $\text{H}_3$ ), 1.17 (s, 9H, 'Bu).  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$  (75 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  168.6 (COO), 148.4, 140.3, 139.9, 136.8, 133.9, 133.6, 132.0, 129.8, 129.3, 128.6, 128.3, 128.0, 127.0, 126.9, 125.9, 124.2 (Ar), 82.3 (C, 'Bu), 61.9 ( $\alpha$ -C Phe), 57.8 ( $\text{C}_2$ ), 53.2 ( $\text{NCH}_2$ ), 47.0 ( $\text{C}_1$ ), 37.9 ( $\beta$ -C Phe), 35.4 ( $\text{C}_3$ ), 27.8 ( $\text{CH}_3$ , 'Bu). MS (ES) $^+$ : 721.25 [M+H] $^+$ .

### *N*-[(2*R*-Dibenzylamino-3-phenyl)prop-1-yl]-*L*-Phe-*O*'Bu (**7b**).

The title compounds was obtained in 94% yield (From **6b**) as a syrup. Eluent: 2% to 5% of EtOAc in hexane. HPLC:  $t_R = 8.45$  min (gradient from 15% to 95% of A, in 5 min).  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ):  $\delta$  7.35 - 7.15 (m, 18H), 7.06 (m, 2H, Ar), 3.85 (d,  $J = 13.3$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{NCH}_2$ ), 3.45 (d,  $J = 13.4$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{NCH}_2$ ), 3.30 (m, 1H,  $\alpha$ -H Phe), 3.11 (m, 2H,  $\text{H}_2, \text{H}_3$ ), 2.96 (dd,  $J = 13.2, 8.8$  Hz, 1H,  $\beta$ -H Phe), 2.86 (dd,  $J = 13.2, 4.5$  Hz, 1H,  $\beta$ -H Phe), 2.77 (m, 2H,  $\text{H}_1$ ), 2.39 (dd,  $J = 13.2, 8.8$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{H}_3$ ), 2.38 (s, 1H, NH), 1.35 (s, 9H,  $\text{CH}_3$ , 'Bu).  $^{13}\text{C-NMR}$  (75 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ ): 173.7 (COO), 140.3, 139.9, 137.5, 130.0, 129.3, 128.7, 128.5, 128.4, 128.3, 127.1, 126.8, 126.0 (Ar), 81.0 (C, 'Bu), 62.8 ( $\alpha$ -C Phe), 59.9 ( $\text{C}_2$ ), 53.2 ( $\text{NCH}_2$ ), 47.3 ( $\text{C}_1$ ), 40.0 ( $\beta$ -C Phe), 32.9 ( $\text{C}_3$ ), 28.2 ( $\text{CH}_3$ , 'Bu). MS (ES) $^+$ : 536.28 [M+H] $^+$ .

### *N*-(2'*S*-Chloropropanoyl)-*N*-[(2*R*-dibenzylamino-3-phenyl)prop-1-yl]-*L*-Phe-*O*'Bu (**8b**)

The title compounds was obtained in 66% yield (From **7b** and 2*S*-chloropropionic acid) as a syrup. Eluent: 3% of EtOAc in hexane. HPLC:  $t_R = 9.18$  min (gradient from 60% to 95% of A, in 10 min).  $^1\text{H-NMR}$  (400 MHz,  $\text{CDCl}_3$ , rotamer's ratio M:m, 80:20)  $\delta$  major rotamer 7.30 - 7.19 (m, 14H), 7.12 (m, 3H, Ar), 7.06 (m, 2H, Ar), 6.93(m, 1H, Ar), 4.56 (q,  $J = 6.5$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{H}_2$ ), 3.68 (m, 1H,  $\alpha$ -H Phe), 3.60 (d,  $J = 14.0$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{NCH}_2$ ), 3.55 (d,  $J = 14.1$  Hz, 2H,  $\text{NCH}_2$ ), 3.33 (dd,  $J = 13.4, 6.7$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{H}_1$ ), 3.28 (dd,  $J = 13.5, 6.3$  Hz, 1H,  $\text{H}_1$ ), 3.16 - 2.99 (m, 3H,  $\beta$ -H Phe,  $\text{H}_2$ ), 2.88 - 2.77 (m, 2H,  $\text{H}_3$ ), 1.60 (d,  $J = 6.4$  Hz, 3H,  $\text{H}_3$ ), 1.36 (s, 9H,

CH<sub>3</sub>, <sup>t</sup>Bu). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (101 MHz, CDCl<sub>3</sub>):  $\delta$  major rotamer 169.1 (COO), 168.7 (CON), 139.6, 139.1, 139.0, 129.7, 129.5, 129.2, 128.6, 128.6, 128.5, 127.4, 126.6, 126.5 (Ar), 81.9 (C, <sup>t</sup>Bu), 63.8 ( $\alpha$ -C Phe), 59.5 (C<sub>2</sub>), 53.8 (NCH<sub>2</sub>), 51.0 (C<sub>1</sub>), 49.9 (C<sub>2'</sub>), 35.2 ( $\beta$ -C Phe), 34.7 (C<sub>3</sub>), 28.0 (CH<sub>3</sub>, <sup>t</sup>Bu), 21.5 (C<sub>3'</sub>). MS(ES)<sup>+</sup>: 625.43 [M]<sup>+</sup>.

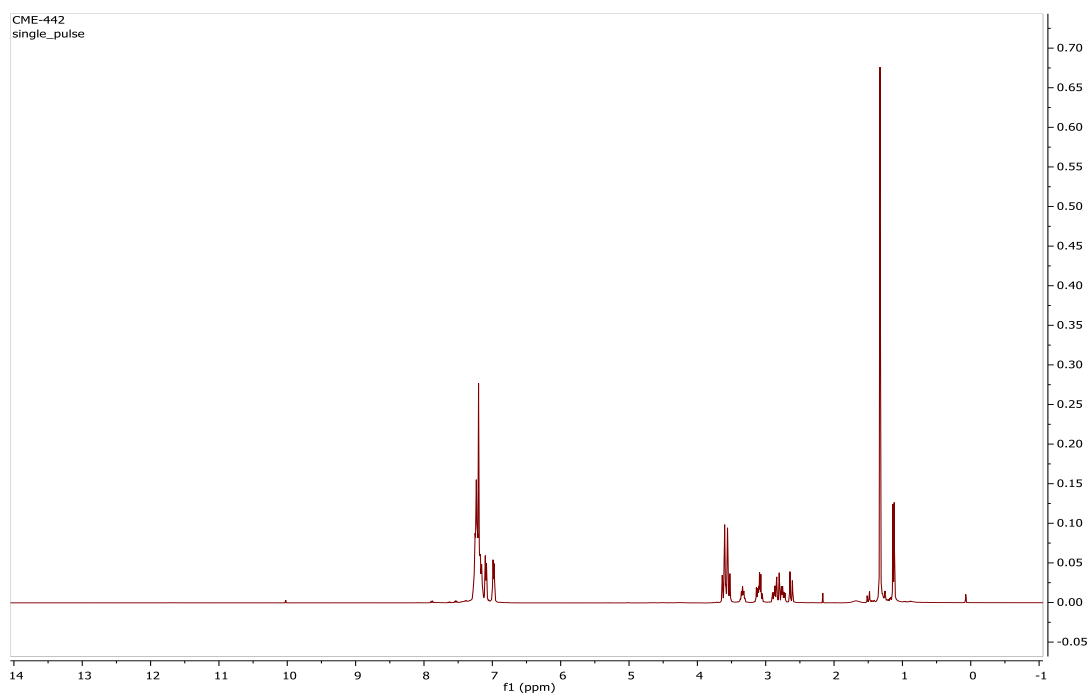
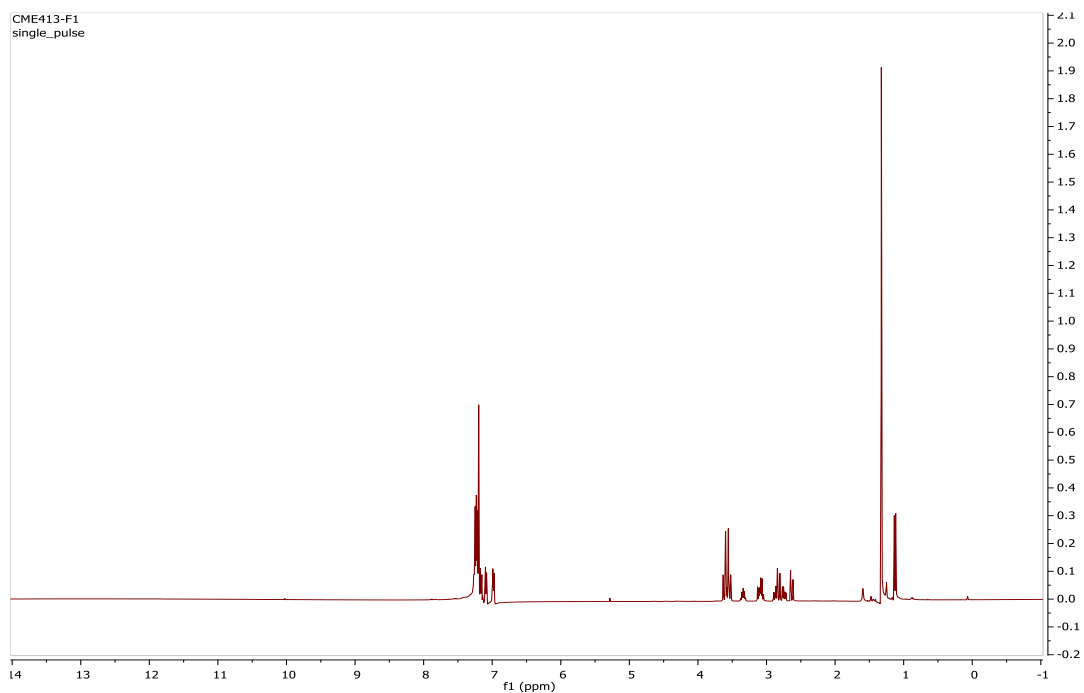
#### ***N*-(2'*R*-chloropropanoyl)-*N*-[(2*S*-Dibenzylamino-3-phenyl)prop-1-yl]-*L*-Phe-O<sup>t</sup>Bu (8c)**

The title compound was obtained in 72% yield (From **7a** and 2*R*-chloropropionic acid) as a syrup. Eluent: 2% of EtOAc in hexane. HPLC:  $t_R$  = 7.06 min (gradient from 60% to 95% of A, in 10 min). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, rotamer's ratio M:m, 8:1):  $\delta$  major rotamer 7.32 (m, 2H, Ar), 7.29 - 7.30 (m, 10H, Ar), 7.05 (m, 6H, Ar), 6.99 (m, 2H, Ar), 4.56 (q,  $J$  = 6.4 Hz, 1H, H<sub>2'</sub>), 3.47 (s, 4H, NCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.42 (dd,  $J$  = 9.4, 5.5 Hz, 1H,  $\alpha$ -H Phe), 3.36 (dd,  $J$  = 15.9, 3.9 Hz, 1H, H<sub>1</sub>), 2.94 (m, 4H, H<sub>1</sub>,  $\beta$ -H Phe, H<sub>2</sub>), 2.79 (dd,  $J$  = 14.2, 4.9 Hz, 1H, H<sub>3</sub>), 2.53 (dd,  $J$  = 14.2, 7.3 Hz, 1H, H<sub>3</sub>), 1.28 (d,  $J$  = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H<sub>3'</sub>), 1.24 (s, 9H, CH<sub>3</sub>, <sup>t</sup>Bu). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (75 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  major rotamer 168.6 (COO), 167.9 (CON), 139.4, 139.1, 137.6, 129.6, 129.5, 128.3, 128.3, 128.2, 128.2, 127.0, 126.4, 126.2 (Ar), 80.3 (C, <sup>t</sup>Bu), 63.8 ( $\alpha$ -C Phe), 60.6 (C<sub>2</sub>), 53.1 (NCH<sub>2</sub>), 51.5 (C<sub>1</sub>), 49.8 (C<sub>2'</sub>), 34.0 ( $\beta$ -C Phe), 33.6 (C<sub>3</sub>), 27.6 (CH<sub>3</sub>, <sup>t</sup>Bu), 20.9 (C<sub>3'</sub>). MS(ES)<sup>+</sup>: 625.43 [M]<sup>+</sup>.

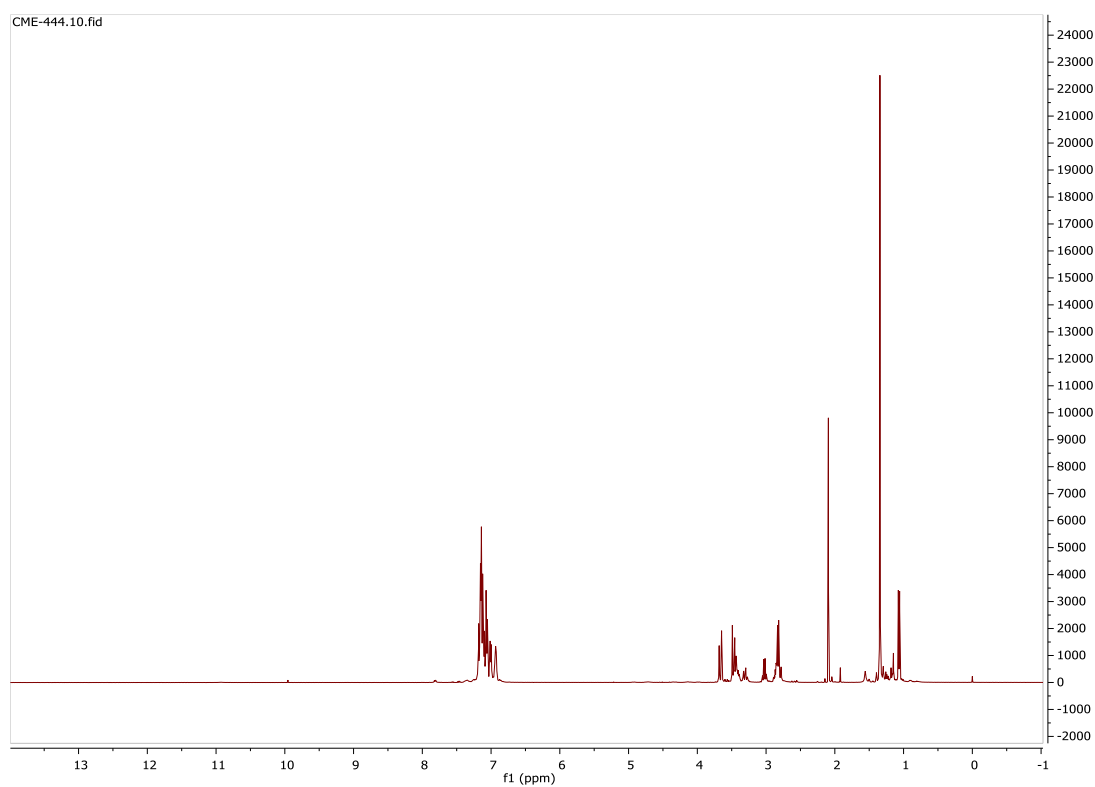
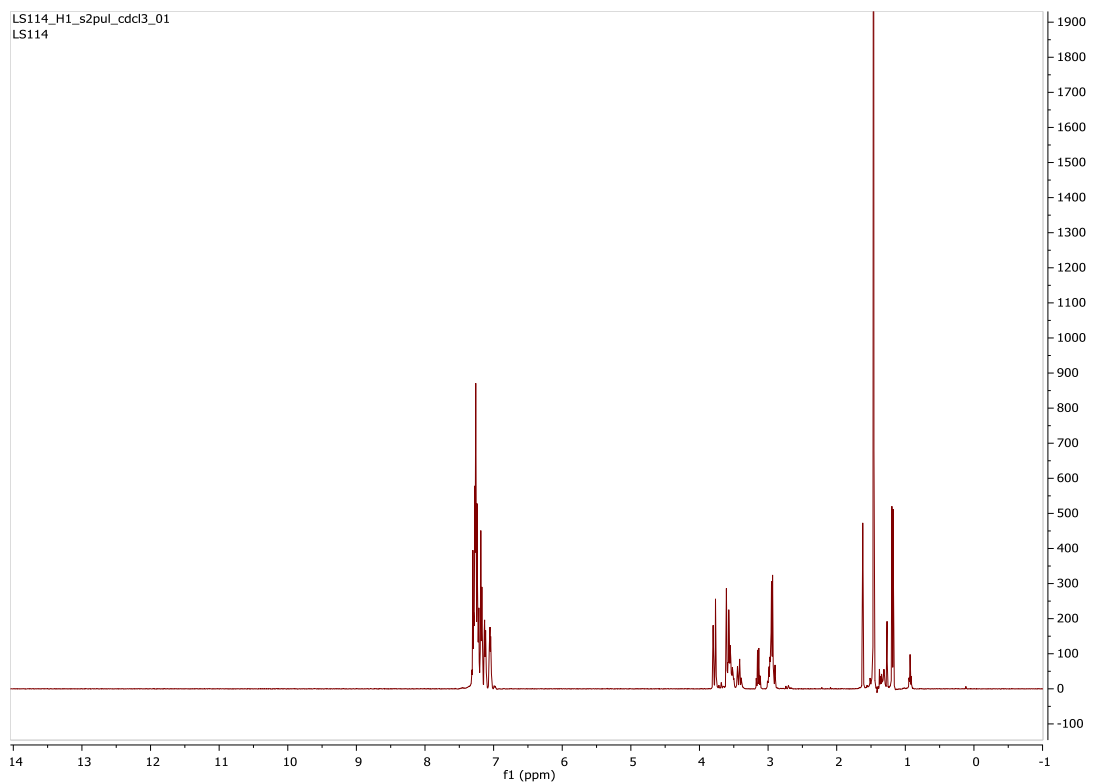
#### ***N*-(2'*R*-Chloropropanoyl)-*N*-[(2*R*-dibenzylamino-3-phenyl)prop-1-yl]-*L*-Phe-O<sup>t</sup>Bu (8d)**

The title compounds was obtained in 88% yield (From **7b** and 2*R*-chloropropionic acid). Eluent: 3% of EtOAc in hexane. HPLC:  $t_R$  = 5.05 min (gradient from 80% to 95% of A, in 10 min). <sup>1</sup>H-NMR (400 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>, rotamer's ratio M:m, 15:1):  $\delta$  major rotamer 7.37 (m, 3H, Ar), 7.28 - 7.16 (m, 11H, Ar), 7.04 (m, 2H, Ar), 6.92 (m, 4H, Ar), 4.80 (q,  $J$  = 6.4 Hz, 1H, H<sub>2'</sub>), 3.55 (d,  $J$  = 14.2 Hz, 2H, NCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.48 (dd,  $J$  = 9.7, 4.6 Hz, 1H,  $\alpha$ -Phe), 3.38 (dd,  $J$  = 14.3, 8.7 Hz, 1H, H<sub>1</sub>), 3.21 (d,  $J$  = 14.2 Hz, 2H, NCH<sub>2</sub>), 3.27 (dd,  $J$  = 14.3, 5.0 Hz, 1H, H<sub>1</sub>), 3.06 (dd,  $J$  = 13.6, 9.8, 1H,  $\beta$ -Phe), 3.00 (m, 1H, H<sub>2</sub>), 2.96 (m, 1H,  $\beta$ -Phe), 2.76 (m, 1H, H<sub>3</sub>), 2.45 (m, 1H, H<sub>3</sub>), 1.46 (d,  $J$  = 6.3 Hz, 3H, H<sub>3'</sub>), 1.26 (s, 9H, CH<sub>3</sub>, <sup>t</sup>Bu). <sup>13</sup>C-NMR (101 MHz, DMSO-d<sub>6</sub>):  $\delta$  major rotamer 168.0 (COO), 167.9 (CON), 139.6, 139.3, 138.1, 129.6, 129.4, 128.4, 128.1, 128.0, 127.9, 126.8, 126.6, 126.0 (Ar), 80.7 (C, <sup>t</sup>Bu), 62.6 ( $\alpha$ -Phe), 56.7 (C<sub>2</sub>), 52.8 (NCH<sub>2</sub>), 49.4 (C<sub>1</sub>), 49.4 (C<sub>2'</sub>), 34.0 ( $\beta$ -Phe), 33.7 (C<sub>3</sub>), 27.5 (CH<sub>3</sub>, <sup>t</sup>Bu), 20.9 (C<sub>3'</sub>). MS(ES)<sup>+</sup>: 625.43 [M]<sup>+</sup>.

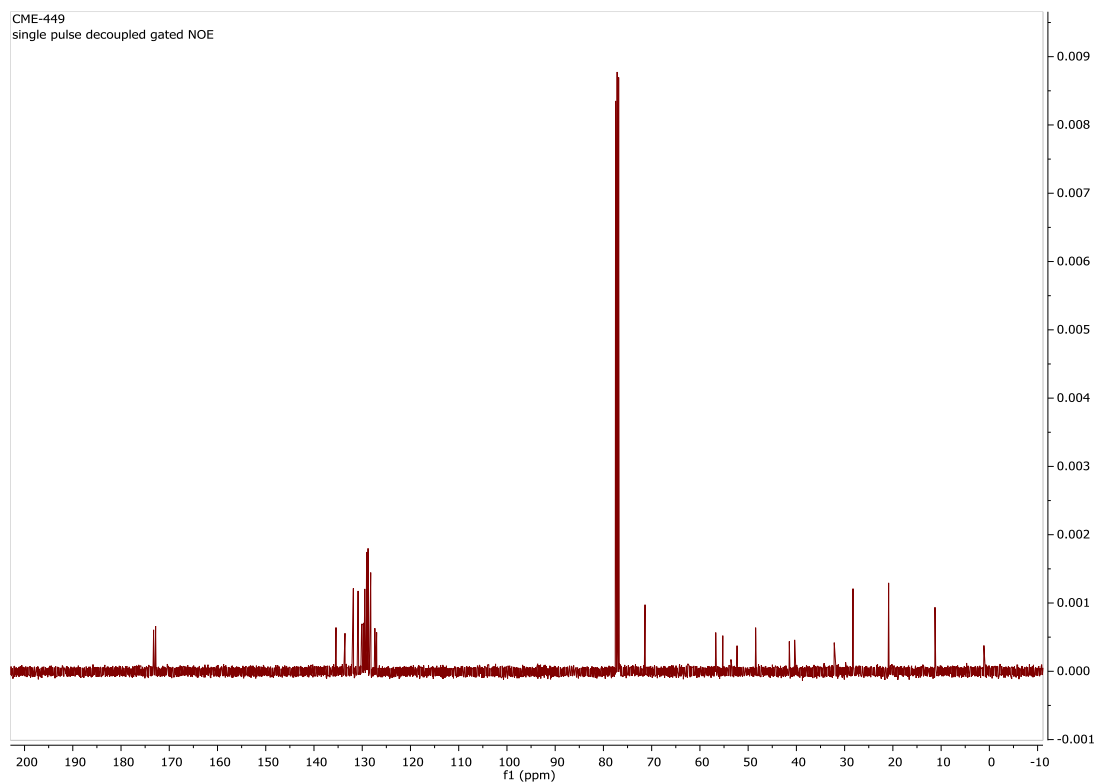
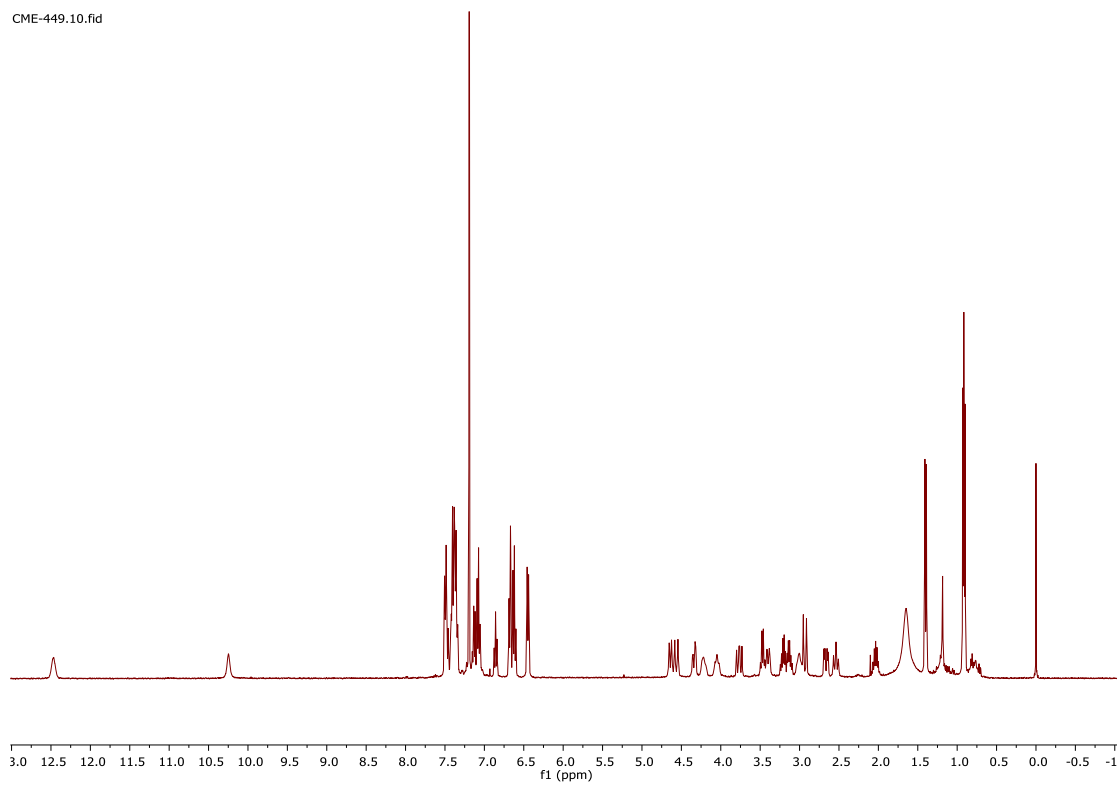
## $^1\text{H}$ NMR spectra



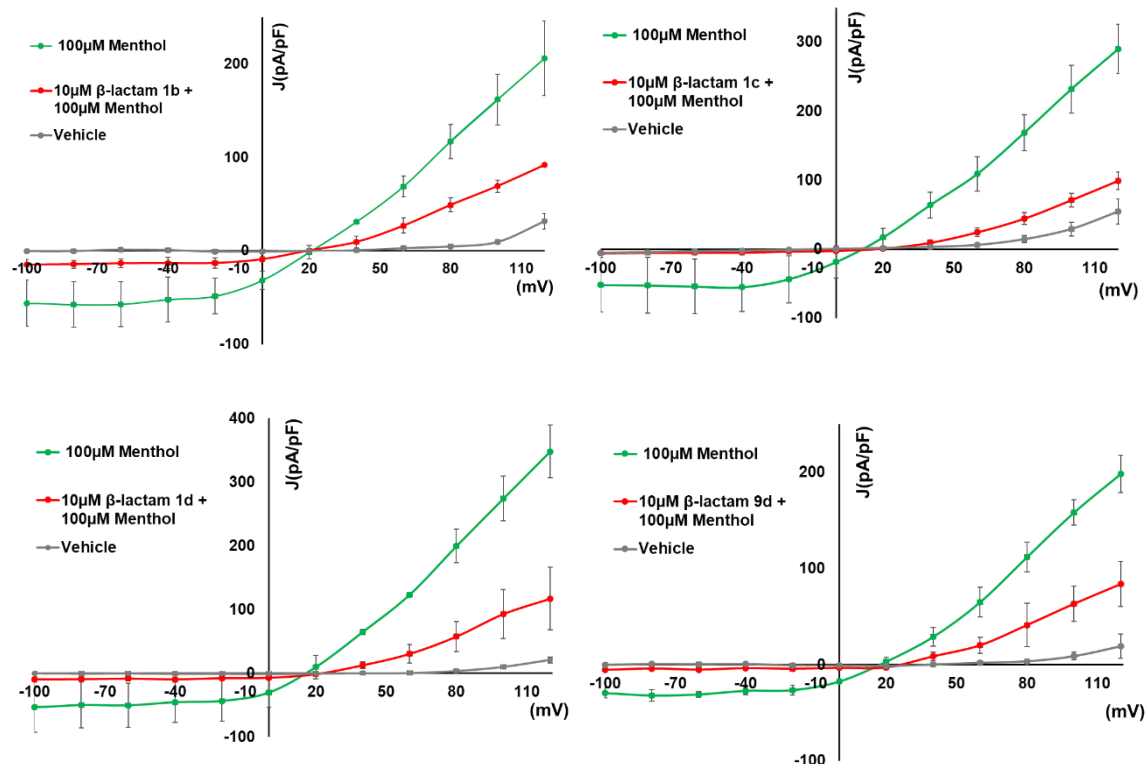
**Figure S1.** Comparison of  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectra between enantiomeric compounds **1b** (CME413) and **1c** (CME442)



**Figure S2.** Comparison of <sup>1</sup>H NMR spectra between enantiomeric compounds **1a** (LS114) and **1d** (CME444)



**Figure S3.**  $^1\text{H}$ - and  $^{13}\text{C}$ -NMR spectra of compound **9d.HCl** (CME499).



**Figure S4.** The indicated compounds block TRPM8-mediated responses evoked by menthol in rTRPM8-expressing HEK293 cells. Curves obtained after exposure to vehicle solution (grey trace), 100  $\mu$ M menthol (green trace) and 100  $\mu$ M menthol + 10  $\mu$ M **1b** (A), **1c** (B), **1d** (C) and **9d** (D) (red trace). Peak current data were expressed as pA/pF (to allow comparison among different size cells). Each point is the mean  $\pm$  SEM of  $n = 15$ .